

ROMANIA
Industrial Design Law

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

CHAPTER I GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 1
Article 2
Article 3
Article 4
Article 5

CHAPTER II REQUIREMENTS FOR THE PROTECTION OF DESIGNS

Article 6
Article 7
Article 8
Article 9

CHAPTER III REGISTRATION AND GRANT OF THE TITLE OF PROTECTION

Article 10
Article 11
Article 12
Article 13
Article 14
Article 15
Article 16
Article 17
Article 18
Article 19
Article 20
Article 21
Article 22
Article 23
Article 24
Article 25
Article 26
Article 27
Article 28
Article 29

CHAPTER IV RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

Article 30
Article 31
Article 32
Article 33
Article 34
Article 35
Article 36
Article 37
Article 38
Article 39
Article 40
Article 41
Article 42
Article 43

CHAPTER V COMMUNITY DESIGNS

Article 44
Article 45
Article 46
Article 47

CHAPTER VI ATTRIBUTIONS OF THE STATE OFFICE FOR INVENTIONS AND
TRADEMARKS IN THE FIELD OF THE DESIGN PROTECTION

Article 48
Article 49

CHAPTER VII LIABILITIES AND SANCTIONS

Article 50
Article 51
Article 52
Article 53
Article 54
Article 55
Article 56

CHAPTER I GENERAL PROVISIONS

Article 1

(1) The rights in designs shall be acquired and protected on the territory of Romania by the registration with the State Office for Inventions and Trademarks, hereinafter called OSIM, pursuant to the provisions of the present Law.

(2) This Law shall apply to the designs which are the object of a registration or an application for registration in Romania, or with effects in Romania, as a consequence of Community or international protection.

(3) Foreign persons having their domicile or registered office outside the territory of Romania shall benefit by the provisions of this Law under the international design conventions to which Romania is a party.

Article 2

Within the meaning of this Law, the terms or phrases below are defined as follows:

- a) the Hague Agreement - the agreement concerning the international industrial design deposit, adopted at the Hague on November 6, 1925, with the subsequent amendments and completions, to which Romania adhered through the Law no. 44/1992;
- b) author - the natural person or group of natural persons, constituted according to an agreement, that created the design;
- c) certificate of registration - the title of protection granted by OSIM for registered designs;
- d) design - the appearance of a product or of a part thereof, in two or three dimensions, resulting from the combination of the main features, particularly lines, outlines, colours, shape, texture and/or materials of the product itself and/or its ornamentation;
- e) Community design - the design protected under the Regulation no. 6/2002/EC, published in the Official Journal of the European Communities no. L3 of 5 January 2002 by the Office for Harmonization in the Internal Market, with effects throughout the territory of the European Communities;
- f) immaterial details - those graphic or shape elements that do not determine the individual character of the design;
- g) registration - the way of acquiring the rights in designs under this Law or the international conventions to which Romania is a party;
- h) professional representative - the person who practises the profession of industrial property attorney under the conditions

provided for by the law and who may represent an interested party in the proceedings before OSIM;

I) product - any article produced through an industrial or handicraft process containing inter alia elements designed to be assembled in a complex product, packages, forms of presentation, arrangements, graphic symbols, typographic symbols; the computer programs shall not be deemed as a product;

j) complex product - a product comprising multiple elements replaceable in a manner which allows disassembly and reassembly of the product;

k) applicant - the natural person or legal entity who requests for the registration and the issuance of a certificate of registration of a design with OSIM;

l) holder - the natural person or legal entity who owns the rights conferred by the registration of the design and in respect of which the certificate of registration is issued.

Article 3

(1) The right to be granted the certificate of registration shall vest in the author of the design or his successor in title, for the independently created designs.

(2) If several persons have created the same design independently of one another, the right to be granted the certificate of registration shall vest in the person who first filed the application for registration with OSIM.

(3) Where the design was created as a consequence of a contract with a creative mission or by employees, in the execution of their employment duties, the right to be granted the certificate of registration shall vest in the person who commissioned the carrying out of the design.

Article 4

In the absence of proof to the contrary, the applicant shall be deemed to have the right to be granted the certificate of registration of the design.

Article 5

(1) The rights in a design acquired under this Law shall not prejudice the rights in unregistered designs, trademarks and other distinctive signs, patents and utility models, typographic symbols, topographies of semiconductor products.

(2) The protection of the design registered under this Law shall not exclude or prejudice the protection thereof by copyright.

CHAPTER II REQUIREMENTS FOR THE PROTECTION OF DESIGNS

Article 6

(1) The subject of the application may be registered to the extent in which it constitutes a design, within the meaning of Art. 2, it is new and has individual character.

(2) A design shall be deemed to be new if no identical design was rendered available to the public prior to the date of filing the application for registration or, if priority was claimed, before the priority date.

(3) The designs shall be deemed to be identical if their characteristic features differ only in immaterial details.

(4) A design shall be deemed to have individual character if the overall impression it produces on the informed user differs from the one produced on such a user by any design rendered available to the public prior to the date of filing the application for registration, or prior to the priority date, if priority was claimed.

(5) In assessing the individual character, the degree of freedom of the author in developing the design shall be taken into account.

(6) If a design applied to a product or incorporated in a product constitutes a component of a complex product, this shall only be deemed to be new and have individual character, if the following conditions are fulfilled cumulatively:

a) once incorporated into the complex product, the component part remains visible during the normal use of the product; normal use means the use by the end user, excluding the maintenance and repairs;

b) the visible component part characteristics fulfil themselves the conditions concerning the novelty and the individual character.

Article 7

(1) Within the meaning of Art. 6, a design is deemed to have been rendered available to the public if it has been published or disclosed in any other way, exhibited, employed in the commerce, except for the case where such actions could not reasonably become known in the normal course of the activity of the circles specialized in the sector concerned within the European Community, prior to the date of filing the application for registration, or prior to the priority date, if a priority has been claimed. However, a design shall not be deemed to have been rendered available to the public for the sole reason that it has been disclosed to a third party in explicit or implicit confidentiality conditions.

(2) For the purpose of applying Art. 6, paragraphs (2) and (4), disclosure shall not be deemed to have occurred if the design for which protection is claimed has been rendered available to the public:

- (a) by the author, the successor in title thereof or a third party, as a consequence of the information offered by the author, or of the actions performed by him or by his successor in title;
- (b) within twelve months before the date of filing the application for registration or the priority date, if a priority has been claimed.

(3) The provisions of paragraph (2) shall also apply if the disclosure of the design was made through an abuse to its author or to his successor in title.

Article 8

(1) Designs determined exclusively by a technical function cannot be registered.

(2) A design which must be reproduced in the exact shape and dimensions in order to allow the product it is incorporated in or the product to which it applies to be mechanically connected or placed in, around or on another product, so as to allow either product to perform its function, cannot be registered either.

(3) Designs allowing multiple assemblies or connections between interchangeable products within modular systems can be registered.

Article 9

Designs contrary to public order and morality shall be excluded from protection.

CHAPTER III REGISTRATION AND GRANT OF THE TITLE OF PROTECTION

Article 10

(1) The application for registration of a design shall contain the following:

- a) request for the registration of the design;
- b) applicant's identification data;
- c) number of designs for which protection is claimed;
- d) indication of the products which incorporate the design, if appropriate;
- e) description of the novel characteristic elements of the design for which protection is claimed, as they appear in the filed graphic representations;
- f) the authors' names or a statement on the applicant's responsibility that the authors have waived their right of being mentioned in the application and/or in the design publications;
- g) graphic representations of the design in three copies.

(2) The application for registration may further contain, if appropriate, other elements which do not represent a condition for the regular deposit date:

- a) identification data of the professional representative, if designated in the application for registration;
- b) priority documents, if one of the priorities provided for in Art. 16 and 17 is claimed;
- c) request for deferment of publication;
- d) power of attorney for representation before OSIM;
- e) statement indicating the information which, according to the applicant's knowledge, allows to prove the fulfilment of the conditions to grant the protection for the design whose registration is claimed.

Article 11

(1) The graphic representations shall completely render the design which is the subject of the application for registration, so as to point out its aesthetic features. Otherwise, the application for registration shall be rejected. The graphic representations shall be of sufficient quality to emphasize the design details and make its publication possible.

(2) In case of a two-dimensional design, the graphic representations may be accompanied by three specimens.

(3) Sketchy or undetailed graphic representations of designs shall not

be accepted for registration.

Article 12

(1) The application for registration and the description presented according to Art. 10 and drawn up in Romanian, accompanied by the graphic representations of the design, or if appropriate, by specimens, shall be filed with OSIM and constitute the regular national deposit.

(2) OSIM shall register the application if at least the following are submitted: an application containing the request for the registration of the design, the applicant's identification data and the graphic representations or the specimens, in one copy.

(3) If the additional documents required for constituting the regular national deposit according to paragraph (1) are not filed within two months from the filing of the application for registration in compliance with paragraph (2), the application for registration shall be rejected.

(4) The date of the regular national deposit shall be the date of filing the documents provided for in paragraph (2) or the date resulting from the design treaties or conventions to which Romania is a party.

(5) The application for registration bearing the filing date shall be entered the Register of filed applications.

(6) The Register of filed applications may be kept in both paper and electronic format.

Article 13

(1) In the proceedings before OSIM the applicant for a certificate of registration or his successor in title may be represented by an authorized industrial property attorney.

(2) For persons not having the domicile or registered office on the territory of Romania, representation under paragraph (1) is compulsory, except for the application filing procedure.

Article 14

(1) A multiple deposit may include several designs intended to incorporation in the same category of products, in compliance with the international classification.

(2) The designs which are the subject of a multiple deposit shall meet the condition of unity of design, unity of production and unity of use, or shall belong to the same set or composition of items.

Article 15

The regular national deposit shall provide the applicant with a right of priority, starting on the date of constituting the deposit, in relation to any subsequent deposit concerning the same design.

Article 16

(1) The natural persons or legal entities of the States party to the conventions to which Romania is also a party shall benefit by a six-month right of priority starting on the date of the first deposit, if they apply for protection in respect of the same design within that six-month period of time.

(2) A six-month right of priority based on the utility model deposit shall be recognized.

Article 17

Where certain goods and services have been exhibited by the applicant within an official or officially recognized international exhibition, within the meaning of the Convention on international exhibitions signed in Paris on 22 November 1928 and ratified by Romania through the Law no. 246/1930, with the subsequent amendments and completions, the exhibition being organized on the territory of Romania or in a Member State of Paris Convention for the protection of industrial property, in the form revised in Stockholm on 14 July 1967, the applicant shall enjoy a priority right as from the date of presenting the said good within the exhibition, provided that an application for design registration in respect of said products has been filed with OSIM within six months from the date of presenting the good in the exhibition.

Article 18

The priorities provided for in Articles 16 and 17 shall be recognized, if claimed at the time of filing the application, and if attested by priority documents, within three months from the date of filing the application.

Article 19

(1) The applications for registration filed with OSIM shall be subjected to a preliminary examination that shall assess:

- a) compliance with the conditions of form of the application provided for in Art. 10 paragraph (1);
- b) compliance with the conditions stipulated for the graphic

representations, provided for in Art. 11;

c) compliance with the conditions stipulated for the other documents or acts, enclosed with the application, provided for in Art. 10 paragraph (2);

d) payment of the fees in the amount and within the time limits stipulated by the law.

(2) In case the deficiencies are not remedied within the time period granted by OSIM, the application shall be rejected, or, if appropriate, the priority shall not be recognized.

(3) If any deficiencies are ascertained, they shall be notified to the applicant granting him a time limit necessary to remedy them.

(4) Upon request by OSIM, the applicant shall divide the applications that do not comply with the conditions for a multiple deposit.

(5) The applicant is obliged to divide the application within the period of time granted by OSIM, by constituting a regular national deposit for each group of designs that complies with the provisions of Art. 14.

(6) In case the applicant does not divide the application within the granted period of time, OSIM shall divide the application ex officio into more applications and shall examine only the first application, while the others shall be rejected.

(7) The divided applications may only be filed for the elements that do not go beyond the limits of the initial application. The divided applications shall be considered as having been filed on the date of filing the initial application.

Article 20

(1) The application for registration of the design as well as the black-and-white or, if so requested, the colour reproduction, photograph or graphic representation thereof shall be published in the Official Industrial Property Bulletin of OSIM, in electronic format, within maximum four months from the date of constituting the regular national deposit.

(2) The publication provided for in paragraph (1) may be deferred at the applicant's request for a period not exceeding thirty months, calculated from the date of filing the application or from the date of priority, if priority is claimed.

(3) The publication of international applications by the World Intellectual Property Organization shall be deemed to be a publication under paragraph (1).

Article 21

(1) Interested parties may oppose, in writing, to the registration of the design with OSIM within two months from the publication, for the reasons provided for in Art. 22, paragraph (3).

(2) OSIM shall notify the opposition to the applicant, by indicating the name of the opponent, as well as the grounds of the opposition as regards the registration of the design.

(3) The applicant may present his observations within a time limit of two months of notification.

(4) The opposition concerning a published design application shall be solved by a board of the Design Division, within three months from filing. The board shall issue an opposition admission or rejection report to be taken into consideration during substantive examination.

(5) The settling of opposition can be deferred when:

a) it is based on a design application for which a decision has not been made;

b) the opposing design is the subject of an action for annulment, prior to the final case disposition.

Article 22

(1) Applications for the registration of designs shall be examined by the Designs Examination Board. Within twelve months from the date of publication of the application, the Board decides to accept or to refuse registration of the design, as the case may be, or, it may take notice of renouncement or withdrawal of the application. The Board shall take the decision to grant the certificate of registration on the basis of an examination report and according to the provisions of Art. 2, 6 and 7.

(2) Registration of designs shall be made in the National Register of Designs and published in the Official Industrial Property Bulletin of OSIM.

(3) The application for the registration of a design shall be refused or registration shall be invalidated if:

a) the provisions of the Art. 2, 6 and 7 are not complied with;

b) the subject-matter of the application is comprised in the provisions of Art. 8 and 9;

c) it incorporates, without the holder's permission, a work protected by the Law No. 8/1996 on Copyright and Related Rights, with the subsequent amendments and completions, or any other protected industrial property rights;

d) it represents an improper use of any of the items mentioned in the

list comprised in Article 6 ter of the Paris Convention for the Protection of the Industrial Property, in the form revised in Stockholm, on 14 July 1967, to which Romania has adhered by the Decree No. 1177/1968 or an abusive use of the emblems and escutcheons, others than those mentioned under the Article 6 ter of the Convention.

e) the applicant has not proved to be the person entitled to the registration of the design, within the meaning of Art.3;

f) the design is in conflict with a prior design which has been made available to the public after the filing date of the application for registration or, if a priority is claimed, after the priority date, and which is protected from a date prior to said date by the registration or an application for registration of a Community design, or by a registration of a design or an application for protection in Romania;

g) the design uses a distinctive sign which confers to its holder the right to prohibit such a use;

(4) When a design was refused registration or the right in a design was declared invalid under the provisions of paragraph (3), the design can still be registered or the right in the design can still be maintained in an amended form, provided that in that form the conditions for protection are fulfilled and the design identity is preserved. The registration or maintenance thereof in an amended form may include the registration accompanied by a partial renouncement from the part of the design right holder, or by the entry, in the Register of Designs, of the court decision concerning the partial invalidation of the right in the design.

(5) The right in a design may be declared invalid even after the design has lapsed or has been surrendered.

(6) In the examination of the application, the Board shall take into account all the documentary sources existing in OSIM, international design registrations with the World Intellectual Property Organization, Community designs, as well as any other documents filed by interested persons and relevant for the examination procedure. During the examination procedure OSIM may request any additional material required, even specimens in the case of the two-dimensional designs.

(7) The provisions of this Law shall also be applied to the international applications filed according to the Hague Agreement, which extend their effects in Romania, unless otherwise provided.

Article 23

When design registration, renewal or recordal of a change in the

Register of Designs was obviously made by mistake, OSIM may revoke the registration, renewal or recordal of change within three months, counting from the date of registration or recordal.

The substantiated decision of revocation shall be communicated to the interested persons within 30 days.

Article 24

(1) Decisions regarding the applications for the registration of the design may be appealed against, in writing and on valid grounds, with OSIM, within 30 days from communication.

(2) The appeal shall be examined within a maximal time limit of three months from its filing, by the Board of Appeal within the Appeal Department of OSIM.

Article 25

(1) The decision of the Board of Appeal shall be notified to the parties within 30 days from its pronouncement and it may be appealed against before the Law Court of Bucharest, within 30 days from said notification. This decision shall only be subject to appeal.

(2) Final decisions of the Board of Appeal shall be published in the Official Industrial Property Bulletin of OSIM within 60 days from pronouncement.

(3) Parties may appear before the Board of Appeal personally or may be represented by an attorney-at-law, a legal advisor or an authorized industrial property attorney.

Article 26

All decisions issued by OSIM shall be substantiated.

Article 27

Issuance of the certificates of registration of the designs shall be made by OSIM on the basis of the decisions of acceptance of design registration, within 30 days from the date on which the decision of acceptance became final and irrevocable.

Article 28

(1) Procedures regarding the applications for the registration of designs and the certificates of registration shall be subject to the payment of fees, in the amount and within the time limits provided for according to the law. The fees shall be paid into the account of OSIM.

(2) Fees payable by natural or legal persons having their domicile or

their registered office, as the case may be, abroad, shall be paid in that currency, into the account of OSIM.

(3) Failure to pay the fees within the legal time limits shall result in non-carrying out the procedure involved or in rejecting the design application.

Article 29

(1) The applicant or the holder of the certificate of registration who failed to observe a time limit regarding the procedures before OSIM for force majeure reasons, shall be granted an extension of the time limit if a substantiated request is presented within sixty days from the cessation of the reasons that prevented him from acting, but not later than one year after the expiry of the non-observed time limit.

(2) The provisions of the paragraph (1) shall not apply in the following situations:

- a) priority claiming according to Art. 16-18;
- b) payment of the registration and publication fees;
- c) opposition filing according to Art. 21;
- d) appeals filing according to Art. 24.

(3) The request for extension of the time limit shall be accompanied by the proof of payment of the legal fee.

CHAPTER IV RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

Article 30

Throughout the period of validity of design registration, the holder has the exclusive right to use the design and to prevent any third party not having his consent from using it. The right holder has the right to prohibit third parties from performing, without his permission, the following acts: reproducing, manufacturing, marketing or offering for sale, putting on the market, importing, exporting or using a product having the design incorporated or applied thereto or storing such a product for the above-mentioned purposes.

Article 31

(1) The scope of protection shall be determined by the graphic representations of the registered designs.

(2) The protection granted to a design under the present Law shall extend to any design that does not produce a different overall visual impression on an informed user.

(3) The degree of freedom of the author in making the design shall be considered in assessing the scope of protection.

Article 32

The rights conferred by Art. 30 shall not apply to:

a) acts performed exclusively in personal, non-commercial, experimental, research or educational purposes, on the condition that these acts are not detrimental to the normal exploitation of the designs and that mention is made of the source;

b) activities of reproducing in the field of research or education, for making citations or teaching, provided that such activities are compatible with fair trade practice and do not unduly prejudice the normal exploitation of the design, and that mention is made of the source;

c) equipments existing on sea or air transportation vehicles registered in another country, when these vehicles temporarily enter the territory of Romania, or importing accessories and spare parts for the purpose of repairing such vehicles or executing repairs in such vehicles;

d) using or taking effective and serious measures for the use of the designs by third parties, within the period from the forfeiture of the holder's rights to the certificate revalidation;

e) use of the designs in good faith, within the period from the date

of publication of the forfeiture of the holder's rights to the date of publication of the reinstated right.

Article 33

Rights arising from the registration of the design shall not be exercised in case of putting on the Community market the products in which the protected designs are incorporated or to which they are applied, when said products have been previously put on the market by the holder of the certificate of registration or with his consent.

Article 34

(1) Starting on the date of publication of the application, the natural person or legal entity entitled to be granted the certificate of registration shall temporarily enjoy the same rights conferred according to the provisions of Art. 30, until the issuance of the certificate of registration, except for the cases when the application has been rejected or withdrawn.

(2) Violation of the provisions of paragraph (1) shall entail the infringers' liability of paying the damages, according to the general law; the title for the payment of damages may be executed only after the issuance of the certificate of registration of the design.

Article 35

(1) The term of protection of a certificate of registration of the design is of ten years counting from the date of constituting the regular deposit and it may be renewed for three successive five-year periods.

(2) Throughout the period of validity of the certificate, the holder of the certificate has the obligation of payment of the corresponding maintenance fees.

(3) OSIM shall grant a period of grace of maximum six months for the payment of the maintenance fees, for which increased fees shall be levied.

(4) Failure to pay these fees shall entail the forfeiture of the holder's rights.

(5) The forfeiture of the holder's rights shall be published in the Official Industrial Property Bulletin of OSIM.

(6) In case of forfeiture of the holder's rights, the holder may request OSIM to revalidate the certificate of registration for justified reasons, within six months from the date when the forfeiture occurred.

Article 36

The exclusive right of exploitation arising from the design registration shall cease in the following situations:

- a) at the expiry of the period of validity;
- b) by invalidation of the certificate of registration;
- c) by forfeiture of the holder's rights;
- d) by renunciation by the holder of the certificate of registration.

Article 37

The holders of the certificates of registration of designs may affix the D sign, namely the capital "D" inscribed inside a circle and accompanied by the holder's name or by the number of the certificate, on the products.

Article 38

(1) The right to be granted the certificate of registration of the design, the rights arising from the application for registration of the design, as well as the rights arising from the registration are transferable wholly or in part.

(2) The transfer may be made by succession, assignment or licence.

(3) The transfer shall be recorded with OSIM, in the Register of designs, and shall produce effects in respect of the third parties only starting on the date of publication of the notice of transfer in the Official Industrial Property Bulletin.

(4) The recordal of transfer of rights concerning disputed designs shall be deferred up to the date on which court decisions thereon remain final and irrevocable.

Article 39

(1) The author as the holder of the certificate of registration of the design shall enjoy the patrimonial rights established on the basis of a contract with the persons who exploit the design.

(2) In the case of concluding a contract of assignment, the author's patrimonial rights shall be established in this contract.

Article 40

International applications under the Hague Agreement shall be filed with the World Industrial Property Organization, either directly or through OSIM.

Article 41

(1) The author is entitled to have his name, first name and position mentioned in the issued certificate of registration, as well as in any other documents or publications concerning the design.

(2) The data contained in the certificate of registration shall be entered in his employment record.

Article 42

(1) The registration of the design may be declared invalid, wholly or in part, at the request of an interested person, for the grounds provided for in Art. 22, paragraph (3).

(2) Invalidation may be requested during the entire period of validity of the certificate of registration and shall be judged by the Law Court of Bucharest.

(3) The invalidation decision shall be filed with OSIM and shall be published within a time limit of two months since filing.

Article 43

Litigations concerning the status of author of the design, the status of holder of the certificate of registration, those concerning the patrimonial rights deriving from the assignment or licence contracts are the competence of law courts, according to general law.

CHAPTER V COMMUNITY DESIGNS

Article 44

Community designs shall enjoy protection on the territory of Romania under the Council Regulation (EC) no.6/2002 on Community designs, published in the Official Journal of European Communities no. L 3 of 5 January 2002.

Article 45

Community design applications may be filed directly with the Office for Harmonization in the Internal Market or through OSIM.

Article 46

When a Community design application is filed with OSIM under Art. 35 of the Council Regulation (EC) no.6/2002 on Community designs, OSIM shall write on the application the date of receiving and, without examination, shall forward the application to the Community Office within two weeks, subject to the payment of a fee in an amount of 70 lei.

Article 47

Litigations on Community designs, in respect of which the Council Regulation (EC) no.6/2002 on Community designs confers the jurisdiction on the Community design courts, under Art. 80, paragraph (1) of said Regulations, shall be under the jurisdiction of the Law Court of Bucharest which solves first instance cases.

CHAPTER VI ATTRIBUTIONS OF THE STATE OFFICE FOR INVENTIONS AND TRADEMARKS IN THE FIELD OF THE DESIGN PROTECTION

Article 48

OSIM is the specialized governmental body with sole authority on the territory of Romania for ensuring the protection of designs.

Article 49

OSIM shall have the following attributions in the field of design protection:

- (a) granting protection through the certificate of registration of the design;
- (b) keeping the Register of filed applications and the Register of designs;
- (c) conducting, upon request, documentary search on published designs and mediation services;
- (d) maintaining relations with equivalent governmental organizations and with specialized international organizations a member of which Romania is;
- (e) informing the European Commission on national legal provisions adopted for transposing the provisions of the Directive 98/71/EC of the European Parliament and the Council of 13 October 1998 on the legal protection of designs;
- (f) providing, upon request, assistance in the field of industrial property, organizing training courses for specialists in the same field;
- (g) periodically editing and publishing information relating to designs, in the Official Industrial Property Bulletin of OSIM.

CHAPTER VII LIABILITIES AND SANCTIONS

Article 50

(1) The unlawful assumption, in any way, of the status of author of a design shall constitute an offence and shall be punished by imprisonment for 3 months to 2 years or by fine.

(2) Reconciliation of parties shall remove criminal liability.

Article 51

In case that a decision of the law court establishes that another person than the one mentioned in the application for registration or in the certificate of registration is entitled to be granted the certificate of registration, OSIM shall issue the certificate of registration to the entitled person and shall publish the change of the holder.

Article 52

(1) The unlawful performance of any act provided for in Art. 30, after design registration date, shall constitute the offence of infringement and shall be punishable by imprisonment for 3 months to 2 years or by fine.

(2) Reconciliation of parties shall remove criminal liability.

Article 53

(1) Where the holder of a registered design or any other person exercising with holder's consent the industrial property right is able to credibly prove that his industrial property right in respect of a design is subject of a current or imminent unlawful action which is likely to cause him irreparable prejudice, he may ask the law court to order precautionary measures.

(2) The law court may order, in particular:

a) the infringement to be prohibited or provisionally ceased;
b) the appropriate measures to be taken for preserving the evidence. Provisions of the Government Emergency Ordinance no 100/2005 on the enforcement of industrial property rights, approved with amendments through the Law 280/2005, with the subsequent amendments and completions, shall be applicable in this matter.

(3) Applicable procedural provisions are comprised in the Civil Procedure Code provisions relating to precautionary measures in the field of intellectual property rights.

(4) Precautionary measures may also be ordered against an intermediary

whose services are used by a third party to infringe a right protected by virtue of this Law.

Article 54

Customs authorities may order, either ex officio or upon request by the holder of the registered design, the suspension of the customs clearance procedures on importation of goods, in the cases referred to in Art. 53, until the pronouncement of the decision of the law court.

Article 55

The certificates of registration of designs in force represent intangible assets and may be registered in the patrimony of the holder as a legal person.

Article 56

(1) At the request of the law court, OSIM is obliged to forward the necessary documents, papers and information for the judgment of the cause vested in it.

(2) The summoning of right holders is compulsory in any litigation concerning designs.

This Law transposes the provisions of the Directive 98/71/EC on the legal protection of Community designs, published in the Official Journal of European Communities No. L 289 of 28 October 1998, and creates the legal framework for the direct application of the Council Regulation (EC) No. 6/2002 on Community designs, published in the Official Journal of European Communities No. L 3/5 January 2002, as from the date of Romania's accession to the European Union.

which still apply as specific provisions of the Law No. 280/2007.