## 23 - 07 P U D T

## Unauthorized Representation

- 1. A procedure performed by those without any authority of representation may be ratified by a principal with legal capacity to act or a legal agent ( $\rightarrow$  23-01) (Patent Act Article 16(2), Utility Model Act Article 2-5(2), Design Act Article 68(2), the Trademark Act Article 77(2)).
- (1) When certifying authority of representation of an agent for a person who performs procedures, it should be certified in writing (Enforcement Regulations of the Patent Act Article 4-3, Enforcement Regulations of the Utility Model Act Article 23(1), Enforcement Regulations of the Design Act Article 19(1), Enforcement Regulations of the Trademark Act Article 22(1)).
- (2) When a procedure undertaken by an agent, but there is no written document certifying authority of representation (hereinafter, referred to as a "power of attorney"), or when a name of a principal on the power of attorney is different, such a procedure is deemed unauthorized representation.
- (3) In this case, order to amend and submit a correct power of attorney (→ 21-00), and then a principal shall be ratified after the correct power of attorney was filed.
- (4) When it is not ratified, the procedure is dismissed by decision (Patent Act Article 133(3), Utility Model Act Article 41, Design Act Article 52, Trademark Act Articles 56(1), 68(4),  $\rightarrow$  A table of 21-03).

(Revised December 2020)